





	Communication and Language		
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
	Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important.	Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them.	ELG Listening Attention and Understanding Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being
	Learn new vocabulary.	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.	read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.
tanding	Engage in story times by listening carefully, retaining what has been heard and recalling key points.	Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and	ELG Listening Attention and Understanding Make comments about what they have heard and ask
nders	Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.	some in their own words.	questions to clarify their understanding.
n and Ur	Engage in non-fiction books.	Learn rhymes, poems and songs. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop	ELG Listening Attention and Understanding Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.
tentio	Contributes relevant comments in discussions.	deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.	oxenanges with men reaction and peers.
Listening, Attention and Understanding	Responds to a series of instructions and a range of questions.	Can switch attention from one task to another.	
Liste		Follows more complex two and three step instructions. Respond to discussions with comments and questions.	
		Is able to listen in large group or whole school activities such as assembly, recalling some of the themes and comments at a later stage.	
	Use new vocabulary through the day.	Describe events in some detail.	ELG Speaking Participate in small group, class and one-to-one
Speaking	Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences, communicating confidently with peers and adults.	Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why them might happen.	discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.
	Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives	Develop social phrases.	ELG Speaking Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-
	Uses talks to communicate needs, news, feelings and	Enjoys being part of conversations and discussions and uses new vocabulary in context.	fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
	ideas.	Use talk to support their imaginative play.	ELG Speaking

Progression of Skills in Reception

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modelling and support from their teacher.



Progression of Skills in Reception

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	Personal, Social and Emotional Development			
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term	
	Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others. Can identify a wider range of feelings, e.g. scared,	Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally. Can label and talk about own and others' emotions.	ELG Self-Regulation Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.	
	excited, angry, frustrated, nervous, worried and joyful.	Think about the perspectives of others.	ELG Self-Regulation	
uo	Develop appropriate ways to be assertive. Talk with others to solve conflicts.	Responds well to more complex instructions in smaller groups, but can need visual reminders in larger groups.	Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.	
ıla†i	Tak with others to solve conflicts.	groups, but can need visual rentinders in larger groups.	мпен арргорнате.	
Self-Regulation	Can become engrossed in an activity and finds it difficult to switch attention to another task.	Completes set challenges/tasks independently. Is able to talk about ways that skills can be improved and	ELG Self-Regulation Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity,	
ν	Can focus attention in a whole class group for a teaching session, e.g. phonics. Is willing to keep trying if something is difficult or challenging.	to demonstrate pride in achievements.	and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.	
	Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them.	Manage their own needs. More confident to tackle new challenges and with encouragement will keep going.	ELG Managing Self Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.	
Managing Self	Makes independent choices and is confident to try new things although prefers to choose activities that are within their capability. Perseveres with fastenings on coats and follows instructions to dress and undress for Forest School. Washes hands without reminders.	Follows school and class rules and can talk about their importance. Knows some ways to keep healthy.	ELG Managing Self Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. ELG Managing Self Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.	





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	Ви	uild constructive and respectful relationships.	See themselves as a valuable individual. Talk about things they think they are good at or are proud of.	ELG Managing Self Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.	
SC	le [.]	s aware of the needs of others but can find it hard to et others take the lead.	Express their feelings and consider the feelings of others.	ELG Managing Self Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with	
ationships		nteracts with a variety of children and is building good elationships with adults and other children.	Can cooperate with others, listening and sharing some ideas and will listen to advice about how to solve disagreements.	peers. ELG Managing Self	
Building Rel		s able to identify when another child is upset and espond appropriately.	Uses words to solve conflicts.	Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.	
Bu	M	Nakes new friends in the class, and talks to adults to hare news or as part of an activity.	Takes turns in group activities. Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.		







	Physical Development		
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Gross Motor Skills	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - Rolling - Crawling - Walking - Jumping - Running - Hopping - Skipping - Climbing Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Can climb over, under and through obstacles, e.g. climbing frame and large construction obstacle courses. Uses large construction to build.	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting and aiming. Able to balance on and off equipment. Can jump safely from a piece of equipment.	Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics and sport. Develop confidence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball. ELG Gross Motor Skills Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. ELG Gross Motor Skills Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. ELG Gross Motor Skills Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.
Fine Motor Skills	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks, spoons. Attempts to use a tripod grip with some consistency. Often chooses to draw, representing recognisable objects or shapes in work. Use scissors to cut along curved lines, holding scissors in the correct position. Is able to mould and shape clay with fingers and tools.	Develop the foundations of a hand writing style which is fast, accurate and efficient. Holds a pencil in a tripod grip. Uses scissors to cut around more complex shapes, e.g. split pin characters. Has developed dexterity for threading small items and manipulating small objects.	ELG Fine Motor Skills Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases. ELG Fine Motor Skills Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. ELG Fine Motor Skills Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing





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Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs. E.g. Brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly.

Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and tooth brushing.

Further develop the skills they needs to manage the school day successfully:

- Lining up and queuing
- Mealtimes
- Personal; hygiene

Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing:

- Regular physical activity
- Healthy heating
- Tooth brushing
- Sensible amounts of 'screen time'
- Having a good sleep routine
- Being a safe pedestrian

No ELG relating to Health and Self-Care







	Literacy		
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
Word Reading	Develop their phonological awareness to:	Develop their phonological awareness to: Able to complete a rhyming string. Begin to sound buttons to identify how many sounds are in a word. Can supply words with the same initial sound for phase 2 single sounds. Recognise all taught sounds, including some digraphs. Re-read phonetically decodable books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter- sound correspondences.	ELG Reading Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 diagraphs ELG Reading Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. ELG Reading Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.
Comprehension	Has a love of stories and listens attentively to story time. Asks questions about stories. Repeat words and phrases from familiar stories. Repeat new vocabulary in a context of a story. Has favourite books and seeks them out, to share with an adult, with another child, or to look at alone. Is able to talk about the main events in the story. Can retell a story using role play or small world resources, using some story language.	Answer questions about a text that has been read to them. Begin to predict what might happen next in a story. Begin to use modelled vocabulary during role play for example in the Small World. Seeks familiar texts or stories to re-read in the book area. Requests favourite stories and poems for example during Vote for a story. Retell or make up own stories using vocabulary that has been learnt. Identifies non-fiction texts, remembering facts.	Can share a favourite book with a peer, retelling the story in their own way repeating known phrases from the text. ELG Comprehension Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. ELG Comprehension Anticipate - where appropriate - key events in stories. ELG Comprehension Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.





Spell words by identifying the sounds and then writing the sound with letter/s.

Writes cvc words using the sounds taught.

Says a simple sentence for writing (oral and count words).

Writes some lower case letters correctly.

Uses some upper case letters e.g. for own name, Mum and Dad.

Write own name.

Physical Development

Use a range of small tools competently and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils, paint brushes, scissors and knives.

Form lowercase letters correctly

Is starting to write short sentences with words with known sound- letter correspondences, using a capital letter and a full stop.

Read sentences back to an adult.

Writes cvc words and labels using taught sounds.

Spells some high frequency tricky words.

Physical Development

Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.

Begin to use tripod grip.

Begin to use finger spaces and full stops in independent writing.

Is able to write their first name and starting to write their surname independently.

ELG Writing

Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.

ELG Writing

Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.

ELG Writing

Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

ELG Fine Motor

Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing. Using the tripod grip in almost all cases.

Vriting







	Maths		
	Autumn Term	Spring Term	Summer Term
	Develop the key skills of counting objects including saying the numbers in order and matching one number name to each item.	Look at small quantities in familiar patterns – for example a dice – and random arrangements, saying how many they can see.	Explore the composition of numbers to 10 Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0-5/0-10.
	Estimate and guess how many there might be before counting.	Use 5 frames and 10 frames to become familiar with the tens structure of the number system. Talk about how many spaces are filled or unfilled.	Can count reliably to 20 and can read the numerals for numbers to 20.
Number	Joins in and sings counting songs and number rhymes. Listen to and enjoy stories that involve counting.	Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number	ELG Number Have a deep understanding of number 10, including the
Ž	Can subitise to 5 and is beginning to talk about the	value.	composition of each number.
	different ways that amounts of 5 can be made.	Confidently talks about the different ways that numbers can be made to 5 and is now applying this knowledge to numbers to 10.	ELG Number Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5.
		Links subtraction facts to composition of numbers to 5.	ELG Number Automatically recall - without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids - number bonds up to 5.
		Recalls some double facts to 10.	Recall some number bonds to 10, including doubling facts.
	Use vocabulary 'more than', 'less than', 'fewer', 'the same	Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship	ELG Numerical Patterns
	as', 'equal to'.	between consecutive numbers.	Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system.
દ્ય	Become familiar with two digit numbers and start to	Count beyond 10, noticing patterns within the structure of	
teri	notice patterns within them.	counting.	ELG Numerical Patterns
Pat			Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts,
Numerical Patterns	Distribute items evenly from a group.	Recognises patterns within number.	recognising when one quantity is greater than, less that or the same as another quantity.
ame	Counts objects accurately to 10 using one to one		
ž	correspondence and can identify when objects have the		ELG Numerical Patterns
	same, less that or more than.		Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities
	Recognises numbers to 10 and puts them in order.		can be distributed equally.
	Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills.	Compare length, weight and capacity.	Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it, just as numbers
ape	Spanish sacring similar	Continue, copy and create repeating patterns.	can.
Shape	Uses some shape names appropriately and understands		No ELG relating to Shape and Space
,	prepositional language.	Uses mathematical language to compare and talk about shape and size.	

Progression of	of Skills	s in Rece	eption

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Creates a repeated pattern with colour and shape.	
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Progression of Skills in Reception

	Understanding the world	Spring Term	Summer Term
	Autumn Term		
Past and Present	Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. Understands the difference between past and present and is building up knowledge of key historical events through topics, stories and community events, e.g. Bonfire Night, Remembrance Day.	Compare and contract characters from stories, including figures from the past. Talks about significant historical events and how things were different in the past.	ELG Past and Present Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. ELG Past and Present Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. ELG Past and Present Understand the past through settings, characters and
munities	Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Listens carefully to stories about different places and	Understand that some places are special to members of their community. Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate different times in different ways.	events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. ELG People, Culture and Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. ELG People, Culture and Communities
People, Culture and Communities	is beginning to recognise that different places have different features, e.g. recognising the difference between life in this country and other countries. Knows about some celebrations and is able to talk about how they might be celebrated, e.g. Christmas, Advent, Diwali	Recognise some similarities and differences between life in this county and life in other countries. Has a wider understanding of the wider world and draws comparisons between own local environment/ community and other places. Looks at, and makes maps, of local environment. Describes a journey within the local environment.	Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. ELG People, Culture and Communities Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, nonfiction texts and (when appropriate) maps.





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		Draw information from a simple map.	Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside.	ELG The Natural World
				Explore the natural world around them, making
		Explore the natural world around them.	Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural	observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants.
			world around them.	
	Þ.	Describes some features of plants and animals and		ELG The Natural World
tural Wor	Vor	identifies when things are the same and different.	Recognise some environments that are different to the one	Know some similarities and differences between the
	م ام		in which they live.	natural world around them and contrasting environments,
	ru.	Notices, observes and talks about seasonal changes.		drawing on their experiences and what has been read in
	Z L		Has a good general knowledge about living things and the	class.
	he		natural world and can describe features of different plants	
F	F		and animals recognising when they are the same and	ELG The Natural World
			different.	Understand some important processes and changes in
				the natural world around them, including the seasons and
			Understands and uses some language related to animals,	changing states of matter.
			e.g. camouflage, predator, nocturnal, diurnal.	





