

UPPER KEY STAGE 2 - CYCLE A

AUTUMN TERM					
GENRE & TEXTS WRITING OBJECTIVES		GRAMMAR & PUNCTUATION OBJECTIVES			
Mystery & Suspense stories	Consider how authors have developed characters and settings in texts they have read, listened to or seen performed	Use Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that, or an omitted relative pronoun			
AlmaScare at ShadowFair	Describe settings, characters and atmosphere Integrate dialogue to convey character and advance the action précising longer passages	Indicate degrees of possibility using adverbs [e.g. perhaps, surely] or modal verbs [e.g. might, should, will, must]			
Free verse • In Flanders Fields	Perform own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear.	How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms			
 Newspaper Reports Mog's Christmas Calamity The Railway Children Return Peter and the Wolf 	Use a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs Use further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, headings, bullet points, underlining	Use devices to build cohesion within a paragraph Link ideas across paragraphs using: • adverbials of time • place • number • tense choices			
• David Attenborough	Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary	Use commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity Use brackets , dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis Use the passive voice to affect the presentation of information in a sentence			

SPRING TERM					
GENRE & TEXTS	WRITING OBJECTIVES	GRAMMAR & PUNCTUATION OBJECTIVES			
Myths and Legends (Greeks) • Persephone • Jason and the Argonauts	Consider how authors have developed characters and settings in texts they have read, listened to or seen performed Describe settings, characters and atmosphere Integrate dialogue to convey character and advance the action précising longer passages	Use Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that, or an omitted relative pronoun Indicate degrees of possibility using adverbs [e.g. perhaps, surely] or modal verbs [e.g. might, should, will, must]			
• The Lady of Shallot	Perform own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear.	How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms			
Non-Chronological Reports • The Human Planet • The Sun Use a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs Use further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, headings, bullet points, underlining		Use devices to build cohesion within a paragraph Link ideas across paragraphs using:			

SUMMER TERM				
GENRE & TEXTS	WRITING OBJECTIVES	GRAMMAR & PUNCTUATION OBJECTIVES		
Discussion textsShould zoos be banned	Link ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices	Know the difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing Indicate degrees of possibility using adverbs [e.g. perhaps, surely] or modal verbs [e.g. might, should, will, must]		
Shadormas • WW2 Poetry	Perform own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear	How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms		
Persuasive Writing • Tiger Temple	Use a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs Link ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices	Use devices to build cohesion within a paragraph Link ideas across paragraphs using:		
• The Solar System	Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary Use further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, headings, bullet points, underlining	Use layout devices Use the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses Use the colon to introduce a list and use semi-colons within lists Punctuation of bullet points to list information		

HANDWRITING	Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by:	ONGOING	 select appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and
	 choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices deciding whether or not to join specific letters choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task. 		 identify the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning ensure the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing ensure correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors